

## ARTICLE ON WEB DESIGN

Web designing contains various skills and disciplines in developing and maintaining websites. It describes the design process of the front-end, which is the client-side design of a website which includes writing markup. A web designer must be thorough with the usage and creating markup and also have to keep up with the web accessibility guidelines.

Web designing contains different areas like:

- web graphic design
- interface design
- authoring
- search engine optimization
- Proprietary software
- User experience design

Web designing involves the usage of different tools depending on the production process. The designing tools are updated with time to keep up with the new standards of the developing software. However, the principles behind these tools always remain the same.

The 21<sup>st</sup> century marked the beginning of more integration of the web with people's lives. Since then, the technology of the web started expanding and significant changes occurred in the way people access the web, therefore resulting in the change of the web designing process.

The skills and techniques required to design a web page are:

- Marketing design
- Communication design
- User experience design
- Interactive design
- Page layout
- Typography
- Motion graphics
- Quality of code
- Basic rules of visual design
- Color principles

The content of the website is usually generated in two ways:

1. Static websites:

A static website is based on storing a unique file for every page. The same content is returned whenever that page is requested. This is created during the website design. Static websites are usually monitored manually. Few sites are automated though, like the dynamic websites whose results are stored on a long-term basis as completed pages.

2. Dynamic websites:

A dynamic website is generated on the server-side. They extract their content from various back-end databases. It can be operated by itself, or with the help of third-party software. The access to edit the pages is only given to the administrators and certain registered users. However, in certain cases, anonymous users can edit web content but are very less frequent. For example, a website where an anonymous person can edit is Wikipedia.



In the creation of a website, there are two primary jobs involved:

1. Web designer
2. Web developer

They often work together on a website. The web designers work on the visual aspects which include the page layout, font colors, typography, etc. They also must know markup languages like HTML, CSS, etc. Especially in smaller organizations, only one person takes care of the designing and programming of the entire web page, whereas large organizations may have two different people for designing and developing of their web page.

## **Languages for web development:**

### **1. CSS:**

- This language describes how the website is presented and its layout
- CSS and HTML work hand-in-hand to add layouts, colors, backgrounds, and many more.
- This is the core technology that web developers use.

### **2. HTML:**

- HTML is used to make the layout and structure of the website
- This is a dynamic language.
- One can design a beautiful website using less code
- It creates the starting point for the website

### **3. JAVA**

- JAVA is one of the most familiar and popular programming languages.
- Website content, games, and many other mobile apps can be developed using JAVA.
- It is a portable language. i.e, it can be run on multiple platforms.

### **4. JAVASCRIPT**

- JavaScript is used in many aspects.
- This is used to add interactive elements to the websites.
- It helps in user engagement.

## 5. PYTHON

- Python is one of the easiest languages to work with.
- It can create a basic framework for any website.
- This uses simple and straightforward syntax. Therefore it is easy to use and explain to the users.
- Examples: Pinterest, Instagram.

## 6. SQL:

- It is a database query language used when the website is working with large amounts of data.
- It helps in gathering data from different databases and use it to target the audience.
- This language is not used alone. It is paired with others.

## 7. PHP

- This is used often on app development and data-heavy websites.
- This is an open-source language.
- It can be easily modified depending on the requirement of the website.
- Examples: WordPress, Facebook

## 8. .NET

- It is a framework that can be used to develop a wide range of networks.
- It can work with several languages like C#, VB.NET, C++, F#.
- It has a huge collection of predefined class libraries.

## 9. ANGULAR

- It is a typescript based platform.
- It is the front end and open-source platform.
- It is easy to use and helps in building the platform.

